

Macro update: growth scare vs. recession risks

Macro risks are building to the downside, but current data doesn't warrant a 50bps Fed rate cut in September, or an inter-meeting cut beforehand

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FLASH NOTE

SUMMARY

- The July employment report in the US showed softer-than-expected job gains and a further rise in unemployment that triggered the Sahm rule. **Recession concerns rose sharply** with markets quick to price in around 125bps of cuts by year-end, and high odds of an inter-meeting cut before the September FOMC.
- We were already expecting a slowdown to below-trend growth in the US in H2, with downside risks. **We now expect three 25bps rate cuts at the Sept, Nov, and Dec meetings.** Increased labour market slack and progress on disinflation suggest monetary policy could be overly restrictive, and **a quicker return to neutral is appropriate from a risk-management perspective.**
- **However, we don't think current data warrant a 50bps rate cut from the Fed in September, or an inter-meeting cut beforehand, nor do we see recession as the base case.** First, we expect a partial weather-related rebound in the August employment data. Second, hard data on spending and balance sheets suggest a labour market that is cooling in an orderly fashion. Survey data has been misleadingly soft for more than a year. Lastly, for an outsized/inter-meeting cut to happen, the FOMC would need to see more than one month of data to extract signals from the noise, or significant dislocation in the credit market.
- **We view the Fed easing cycle as policy normalisation, not labour market rescue.** However, the risk at full employment in an environment of low hiring and low firing is that unemployment rises nonlinearly, leading to a vicious cycle of job and income losses. **If evidence of layoffs increases further or financial conditions tighten unexpectedly with credit stress, then 50bps and an easing cycle resembling past recessions would become more likely.**
- **We still expect the ECB and the BoE to cut rates twice more this year, to 3.25% and 4.5%, respectively, by year-end, with risks tilted towards more easing.** We also expect the SNB to cut rates to 1% in September, with risks tilted towards a larger cut as well as FX interventions to mitigate CHF strength.

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In this note, we address key questions for the economic and monetary policy outlook. Are we headed to a recession? Did weather play any role in the employment data? What kind of easing cycle does the outlook warrant?

THE SAHM RULE IS TRIGGERED – ARE WE HEADED TO A RECESSION?

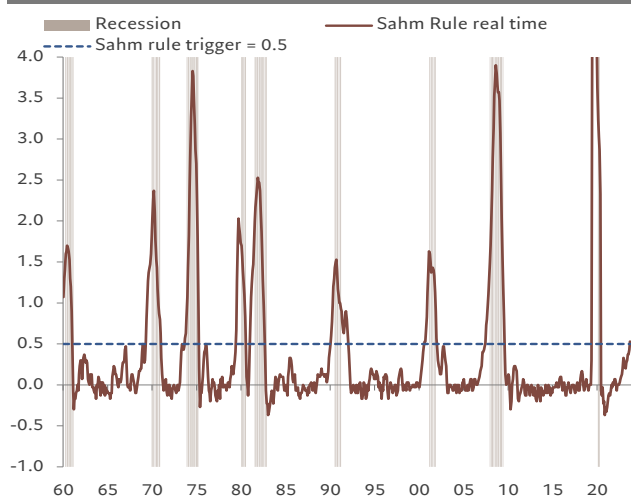
The rise in the unemployment rate in the past few months has triggered the Sahm rule, which states that if the 3-month moving average of the unemployment rate is 50bps or more above its minimum in the 12 months prior, then the economy is **in recession** (chart 1). The Sahm rule has a very good, but not perfect, track record of indicating prior recessions. It captures the **nonlinear nature of unemployment** where the unemployment rate tends to rise slowly, then rapidly. On average there was a 2% increase after the rule has been triggered in the past.

However, we believe the Sahm rule is a “statistical regularity” (to borrow Chair Powell’s wording) and might not be helpful in predicting a wave of layoffs or recessions in the current cycle. That’s because it doesn’t differentiate the trigger for the jump in employment – whether it is driven by more layoffs or by more labor supply. In fact, the prime-age labour force participation rate made a new cycle high in July.

As we’ve been highlighting the important role immigration plays in the current labour market, the rise in the unemployment rate has been partly driven by large increases in newly-arrived immigrants, as the absorption is losing momentum as the labour market cools (chart 3). Of course, even a supply-driven rise in the unemployment rate may not be quick to reverse. But this is different from the pre-recessionary dynamics of a vicious cycle of job loss leading to income loss, which leads to further job losses.

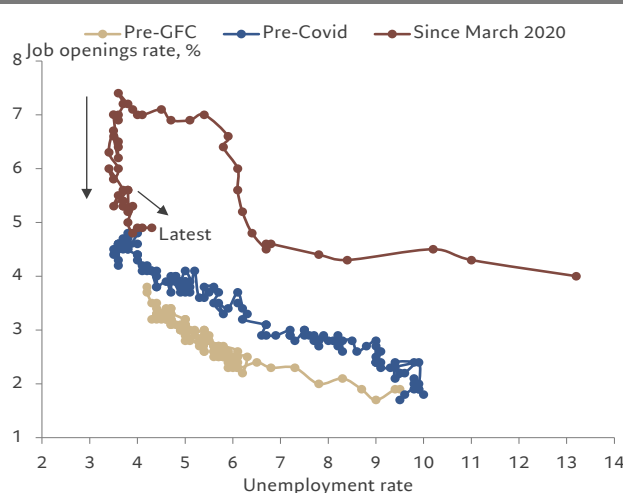
Last but not least, a large share of the rise in recent rise in unemployment was driven by temporary layoffs, people expected to be recalled to their jobs. This has not been a great predictor of recessions. It is an indicator worth watching especially if it continues its upward trend, particularly if there is no policy response.

Chart 1: Real time Sahm rule



Source: Pictet Wealth Management, BLS, Claudia Sahm, as of August 2024

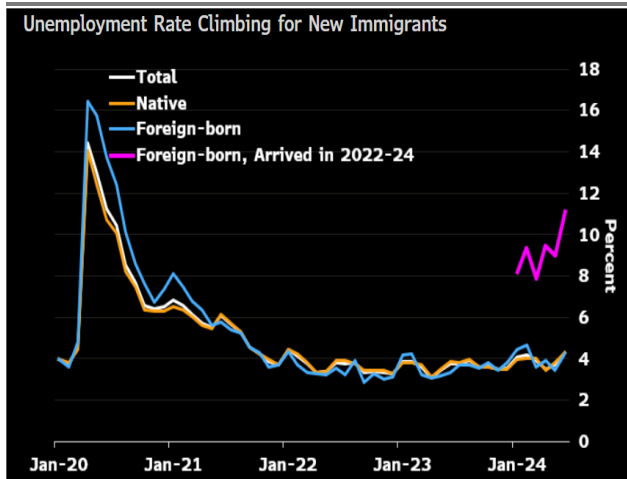
Chart 2: Labor market Beveridge curve



Source: Pictet Wealth Management, BLS, as of August 2024

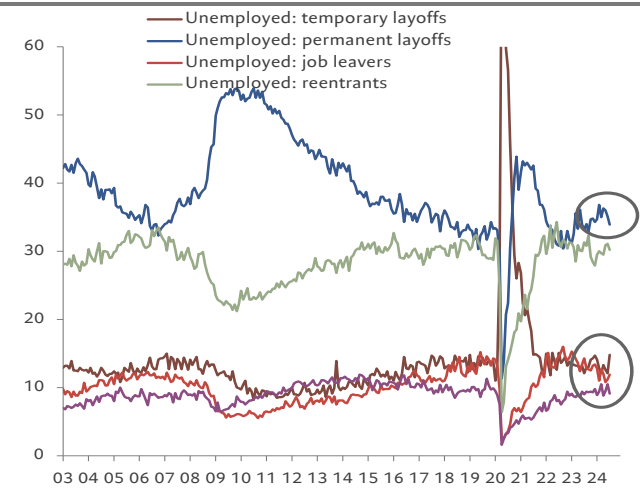
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Chart 3: Labor force participation rate



Source: Pictet Wealth Management, BLS, [Bloomberg Economics analysis](#), as of August 2024

Chart 4: Unemployment rate by immigration status



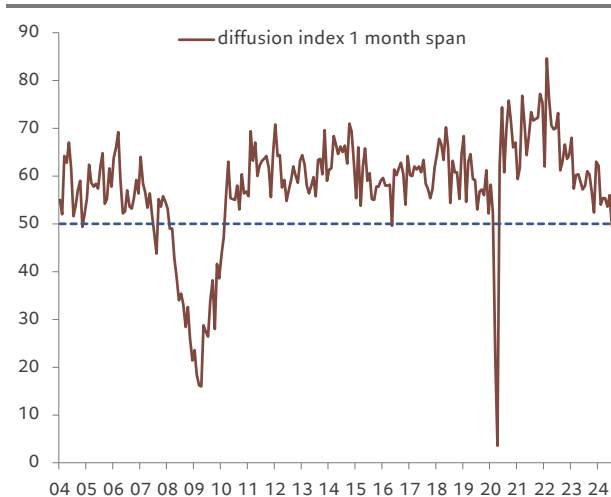
Source: Pictet Wealth Management, BLS, as of August 2024

DID WEATHER PLAY ANY ROLE IN THE EMPLOYMENT DATA?

At face value, July’s employment report was quite soft, with job gains falling to 114k, below estimates of the long-term sustainable pace of job creation. **The breadth of job gains narrowed**, with slightly more industries reducing employment (chart 5).

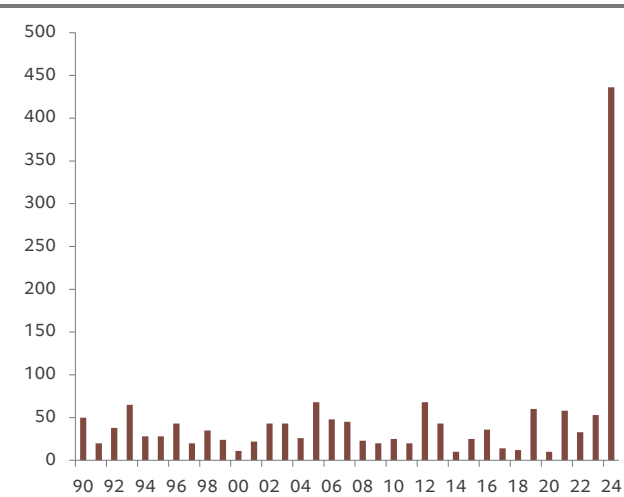
Given disruptions to the Texas economy (second largest state economy) as Hurricane Beryl made landfall during the survey week for the employment report, there are reasons to think it negatively impacted employment readings or at least clouded the reading on underlying labour market conditions.

Chart 5: NFP diffusion index (*)



Source: Pictet Wealth Management, BLS, as of August 2024 (*50 percent indicates an equal balance between industries with increasing and decreasing employment)

Chart 6: Not at work due to bad weather in July



Source: Pictet Wealth Management, BLS, as of Aug 2024

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The Bureau of Labor Statistics mentioned there was no discernable impact from the hurricane, but the report showed some typical patterns of weather disruption. The household survey showed a **surge in the number of persons reported as employed, but not at work, due to bad weather**, which was the highest ever recorded for the month of July (chart 6). There was a drop in hours worked for production and nonsupervisory workers and a response rate at the low-end of the range.

WHAT KIND OF EASING CYCLE DOES THE OUTLOOK WARRANT?

The July employment report highlights the downside risks to the labour market now that it has normalised to its pre-pandemic level. The risk at full employment in an environment of low hiring and low firing is that unemployment rises nonlinearly, leading to a vicious cycle of job and income losses. From a risk management perspective, building downside risks, increased labour market slack and progress on disinflation suggest monetary policy could be overly restrictive, and a quicker return to neutral is appropriate. We therefore expect three 25bps rate cuts – one each at the September, November, and December meetings.

We continue to view the Fed easing cycle as policy normalisation, not labour market rescue. What would make us change our view?

Our forecast hinges on data and credit markets not becoming super stressed. We think it is more likely than not that we see a rebound of payroll gains and hours in August. But if next month's data prove us wrong, if evidence of layoffs increases further or financial conditions tighten unexpectedly with credit stress, then 50bps and an easing cycle resembling past recessions would be likely.

We will be following the weekly initial jobless claims closely (note the numbers are currently being distorted by seasonal adjustment issues around the summer and Hurricane Beryl), **credit markets spreads**, and **regional employment data** which show a state-level breakdown and could shed color on any weather disruption.

EUROPE: GRADUAL RECOVERY SCENARIO STILL HOLDS, RISKS TILTED TOWARDS FURTHER EASING

In the euro area, the main drivers of a gradual recovery in activity this year remain intact at this stage. However, with the recent weakness in the US labour market, the **risks to this scenario have shifted from being tilted to the upside to being balanced.** First, a sharper-than-expected slowdown in the US economy could weigh on euro area external trade and also make a recovery in European manufacturing more uncertain. Second, a continuation of the market correction could lead to a tightening of financial conditions and hamper the recovery in bank lending. Against this backdrop, although our inflation outlook remains unchanged and **we still expect two rate cuts by the ECB, in September and December, the risk is now tilted towards an additional cut in October.**

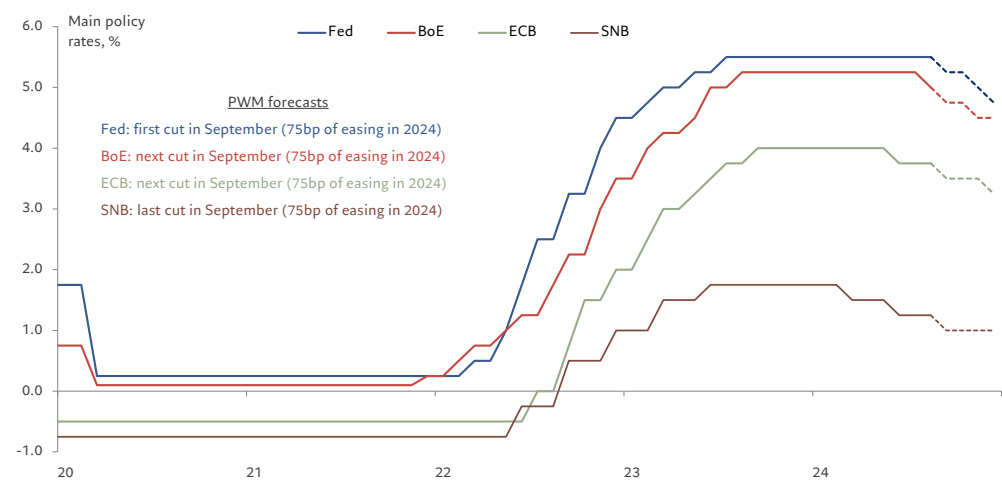
In the UK, we also continue to expect a moderate recovery in 2024, with the balance of risks remaining skewed to the upside. This is underpinned by recent improvements in economic activity, and the start of an easing cycle. In this context, **we**

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maintain our expectation that the Bank of England (BoE) will cut interest rates three times in 2024, including the first cut in August, totalling 75 basis points.

In Switzerland, our central scenario is for a final 25bp cut in September, bringing the policy rate to 1%, in line with the SNB's view of a broadly neutral rate. However, risks are tilted towards a larger cut in September or an additional cut in December, given the recent appreciation of the CHF, moderate inflationary pressures and weakening growth momentum as indicated by recent surveys (PMI, KOF). Furthermore, potential policy decisions by other central banks, in particular the Fed and the ECB, could influence the SNB's actions. Given the importance of the exchange rate for the inflation outlook, the SNB could also intervene in the FX market to counteract an unwarranted appreciation of the CHF, even though interest rates are its primary policy instrument. In particular, recent data suggest that the SNB did not intervene in the FX market in June amid the uncertainty surrounding the French elections.

Chart 7: major central bank policy rates, including PWM forecasts



Source: Pictet Wealth Management, BLS, as of August 2024

WHAT'S NEXT IN ASIA?

The Bank of Japan (BoJ) hiked again in July, in line with our expectation. We expect the BoJ to normalise monetary policy gradually further, with policy rate gradually approaching the nominal neutral rate, including the next rate hike in January next year with a chance of an earlier hike if markets stabilise and/or if inflation overshoots. However, if the US entered a recession, the cycle could be shallower.

Chinese growth slowed notably in Q2, but we expect sequential momentum to pick up in H2 with the government strong determination to achieve annual growth target, supported by more policy easing in H2 as suggested by the pro-growth politburo meeting. But the housing sector, which has not shown visible signs of stabilisation, could continue to be the largest downside risk for Chinese growth.

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